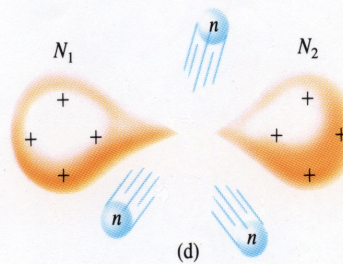
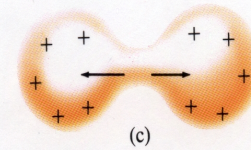
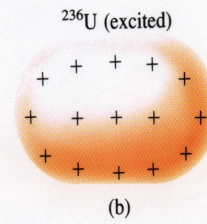
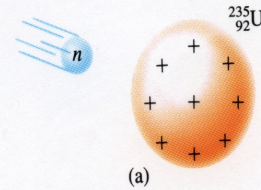


Spaltung von ^{235}U nach Neutroneneinfang

FIGURE 31-2 Fission of a $^{235}_{92}\text{U}$ nucleus after capture of a neutron.



Prinzip der Kettenreaktion:

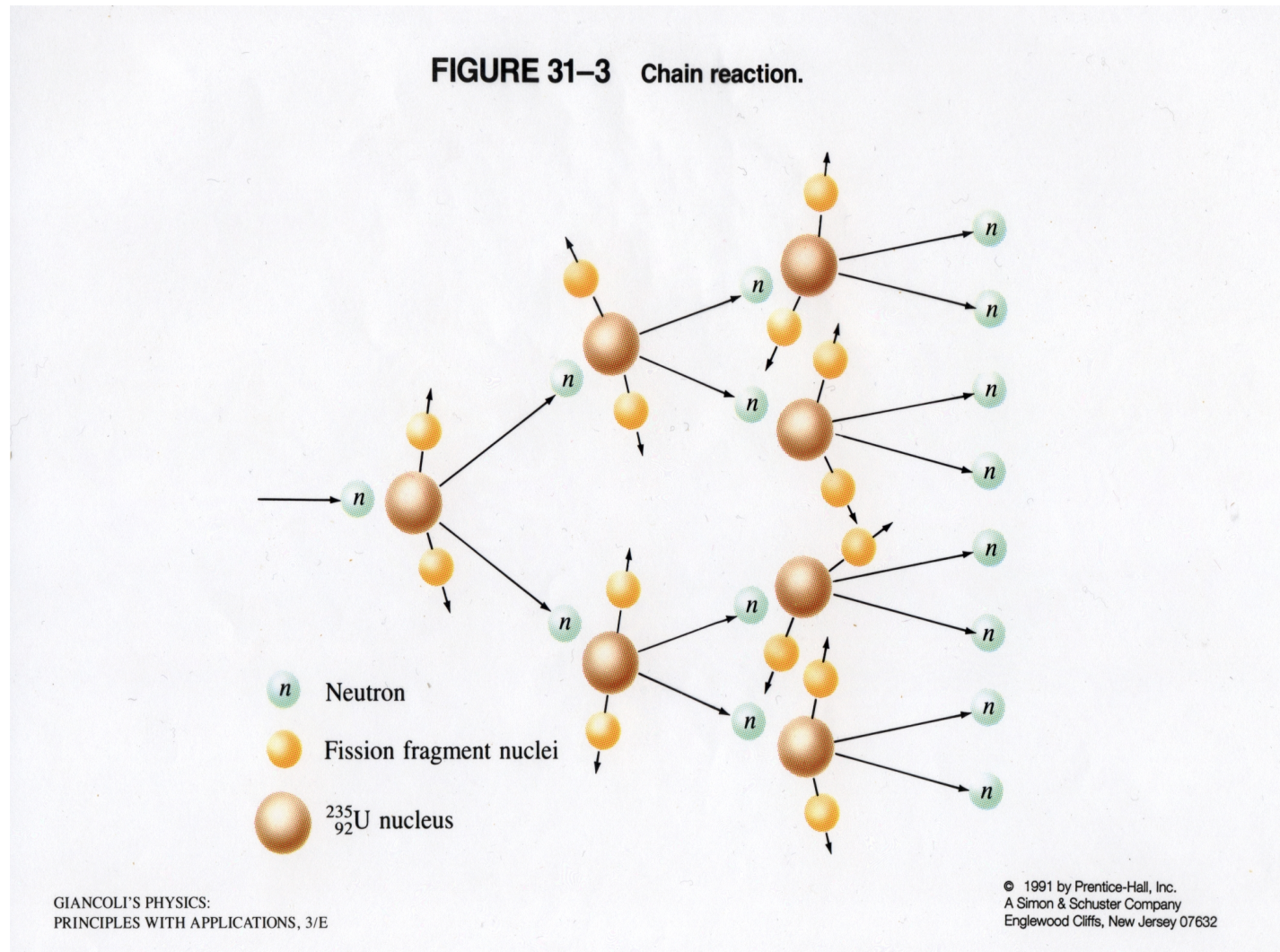


Fig. 11-2

First nuclear reactor

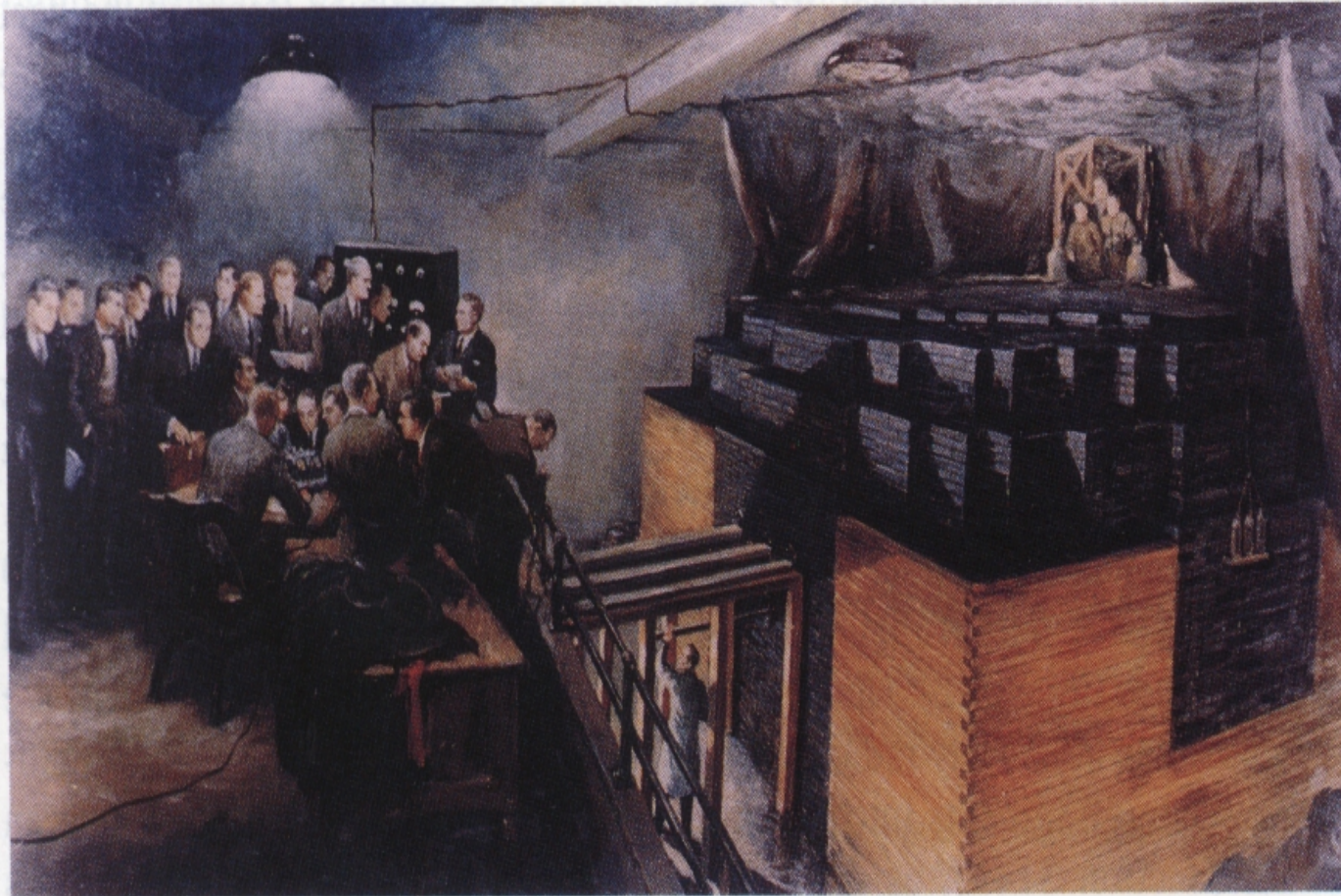
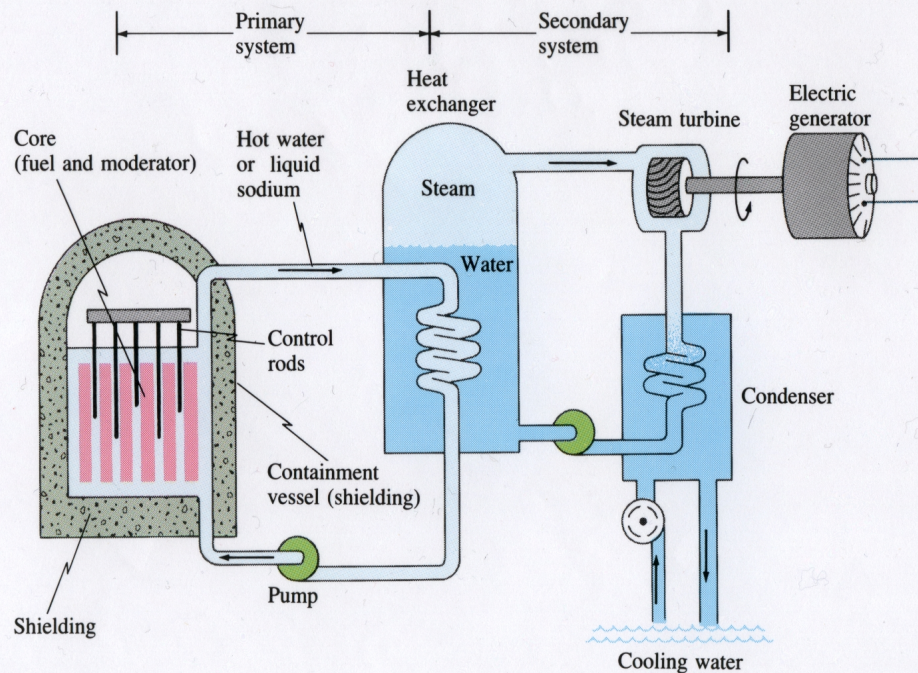


FIGURE 31-4 Color painting of the first nuclear reactor, built by Fermi under the grandstand of Stagg Field at the University of Chicago. (There are no photographs of the original reactor because of military secrecy.) Natural uranium was used with graphite as moderator. On December 2, 1942, Fermi slowly withdrew the cadmium control rods and the reactor went critical. This first self-sustaining chain reaction was announced to Washington, by telephone, by Arthur Compton who witnessed the event and reported: “The Italian navigator has just landed in the new world.”

Fig. 11-3

Allgemeines Funktionsprinzip eines Kernreaktors:

FIGURE 31-6 A nuclear reactor. The heat generated by the fission process in the fuel rods is carried off by hot water or liquid sodium and is used to boil water to steam in the heat exchanger. The steam drives a turbine to generate electricity and is then cooled in the condenser.



GIANCOLI'S PHYSICS:
PRINCIPLES WITH APPLICATIONS, 3/E

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Fig. 11-4

Phasendiagramm stark wechselwirkender Materie

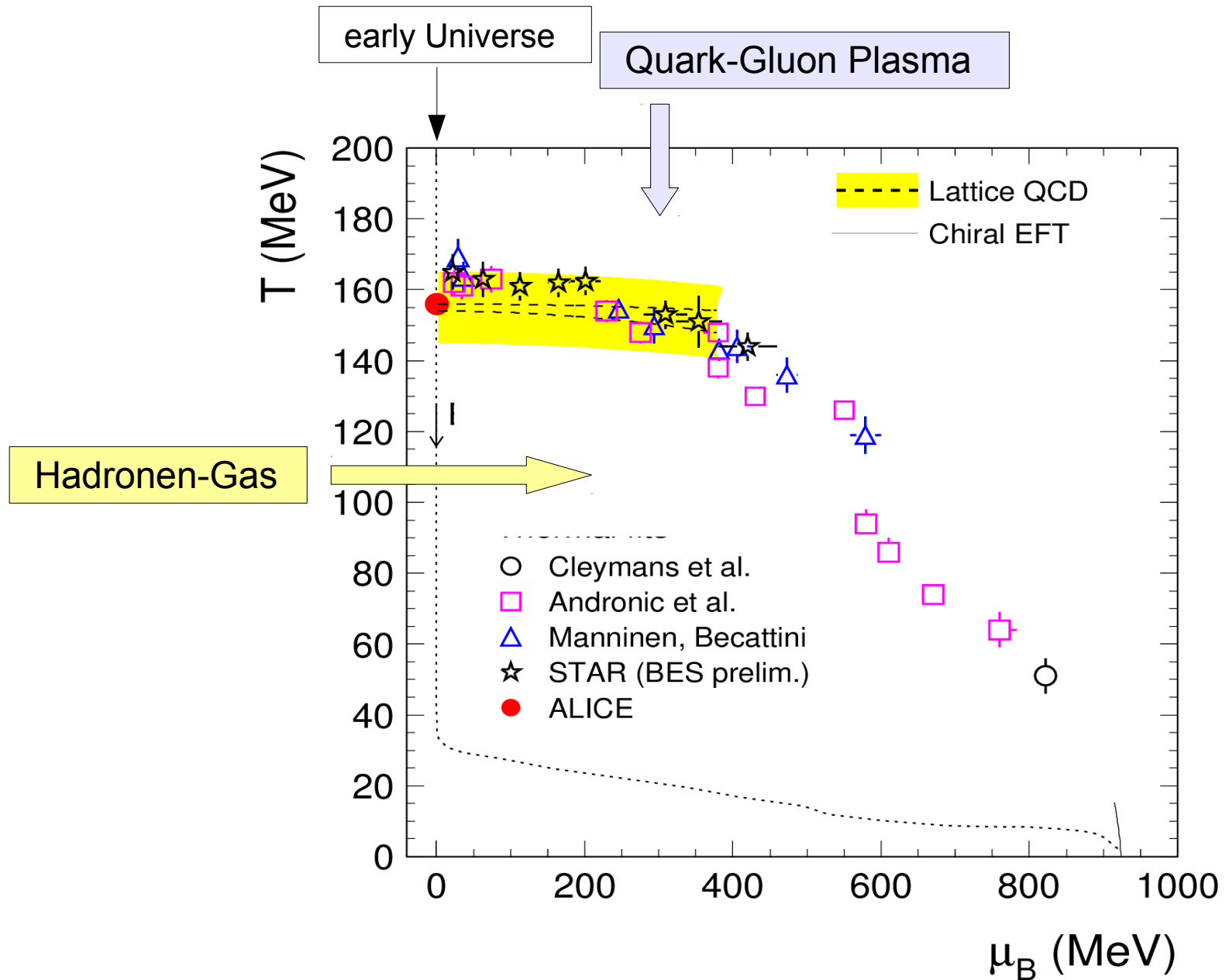
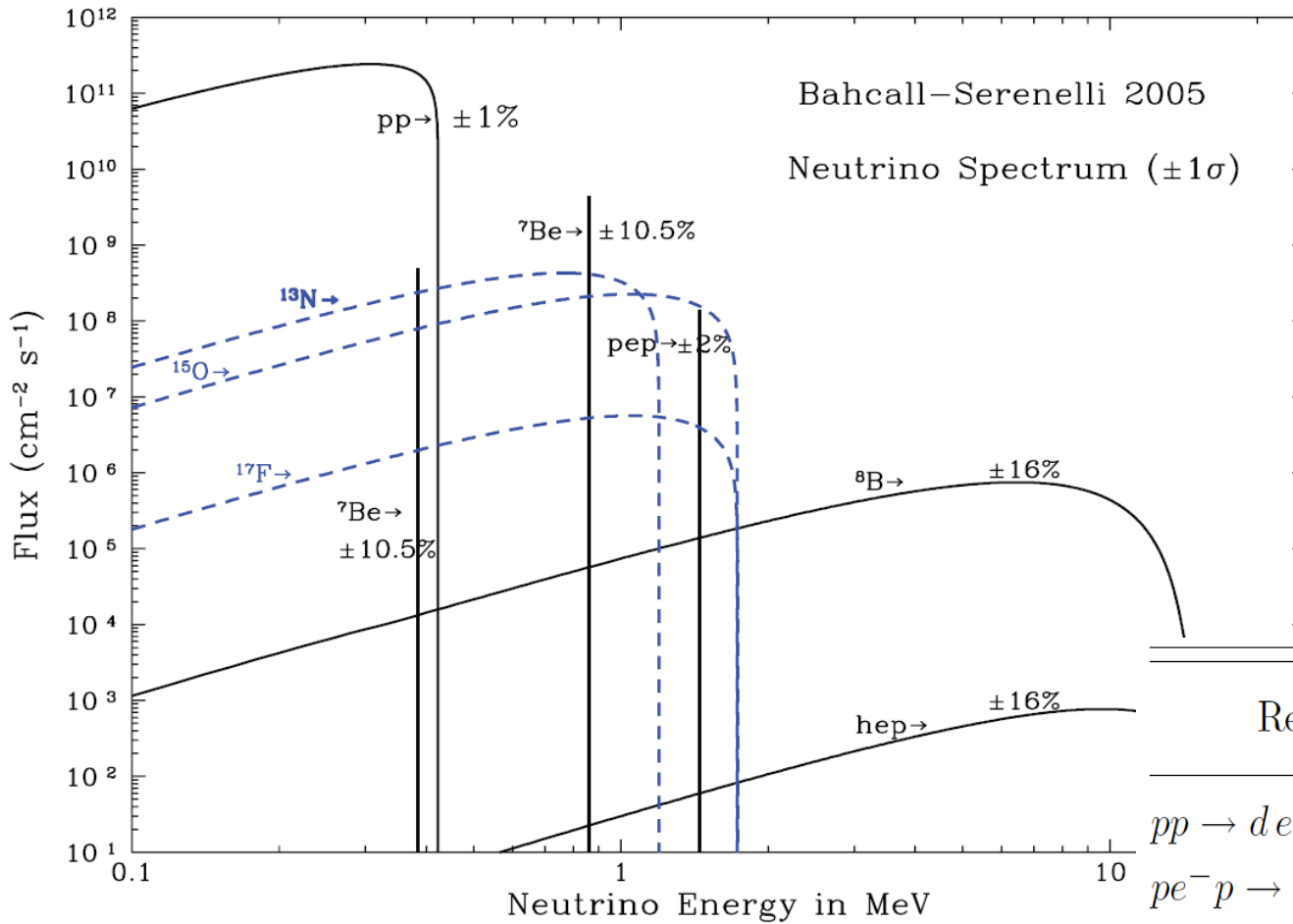


Fig. 11-5

solare Neutrinos



Review of particle properties, PDG 2015

Reaction	Abbr.	Flux ($\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$)
$pp \rightarrow d e^+ \nu$	pp	$5.97(1 \pm 0.006) \times 10^{10}$
$pe^- p \rightarrow d \nu$	pep	$1.41(1 \pm 0.011) \times 10^8$
${}^3\text{He} p \rightarrow {}^4\text{He} e^+ \nu$	hep	$7.90(1 \pm 0.15) \times 10^3$
${}^7\text{Be} e^- \rightarrow {}^7\text{Li} \nu + (\gamma)$	${}^7\text{Be}$	$5.07(1 \pm 0.06) \times 10^9$
${}^8\text{B} \rightarrow {}^8\text{Be}^* e^+ \nu$	${}^8\text{B}$	$5.94(1 \pm 0.11) \times 10^6$
${}^{13}\text{N} \rightarrow {}^{13}\text{C} e^+ \nu$	${}^{13}\text{N}$	$2.88(1 \pm 0.15) \times 10^8$
${}^{15}\text{O} \rightarrow {}^{15}\text{N} e^+ \nu$	${}^{15}\text{O}$	$2.15(1^{+0.17}_{-0.16}) \times 10^8$
${}^{17}\text{F} \rightarrow {}^{17}\text{O} e^+ \nu$	${}^{17}\text{F}$	$5.82(1^{+0.19}_{-0.17}) \times 10^6$

Fig. 11-6